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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A method for manufacturing an Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory (EEPROM), comprising steps of : providing a silicone substrate;
- forming a select gate on said silicone substrate;
 growing a tunnel oxide layer on exposed surfaces of said silicon substrate;

forming a floating gate self-aligned to one side of said select gate;

performing an ion implantation to form a source region and a drain

region on said silicone substrate; and

forming a control gate over said floating gate and said select gate,

wherein said control gate, said floating gate and said select gate are
insulated from one another.

- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein a select gate is formed by depositing a dielectric layer over a conductive layer.
- 3. The method according to claim 1, wherein said tunnel oxide layer is formed by performing a thermal oxidation process.
- 4. A method for manufacturing an Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory (EEPROM), comprising steps of :
- 20 (a) providing a substrate and forming a first dielectric layer thereon;
 - (b) forming a first conductive layer and a second dielectric layer in sequence on said first dielectric layer;
 - (c) applying a first photolithography and etching process on said second dielectric layer and said first conductive layer to form a select gate;
 - (d) forming a third dielectric layer on said first dielectric layer, said second dielectric layer and said select gate;

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- (e) applying a first anisotropic etching process on said third dielectric layer to form a sidewall beside said select gate;
 - (f) removing said first dielectric layer to expose said silicone substrate;
- (g) growing a tunnel oxide layer on said exposed surfaces of said silicon substrate, and then forming a second conductive layer on said tunnel oxide layer, said sidewall and said select gate;
 - (h) applying a second anisotropic etching process on said second conductive layer to form a spacer adjacent to said sidewall of said select gate,
- (i) applying a second photolithography and etching process on said spacer to strip said spacer uncovered by a photo-resistance and, subsequently forming a floating gate self-aligned to one side of said select gate;
- (j) forming a fourth dielectric layer on said tunnel oxide layer, saidselect gate, said sidewall and said floating gate;
 - (k) performing an ion implantation to form a source region and a drain region on said silicone substrate;
 - (1) forming a third conductive layer on said fourth conductive layer; and
- 20 (m) applying a third photolithography and etching process to form a control gate, wherein said control gate and said floating gate is separated by said fourth dielectric layer.
 - 5. The method according to claim 4, wherein said substrate is a silicone substrate.
- 6. The method according to claim 4, wherein said tunnel oxide layer is formed by performing a thermal oxidation process.
 - 7. The method according to Claim 4, wherein each of said first dielectric

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layer, said second dielectric layer, said third dielectric layer and said fourth dielectric layer is one selected from a group consisting of silicon oxide, silicon nitride and silicon oxide/nitride composite.

- 8. The method according to claim 4, wherein said first conductive layer is one selected from a group consisting of polysilicon, amorphous silicon, recrystallized silicon and polycide.
 - 9. The method according to claim 4, wherein each of said second conductive layer and said third conductive layer is one selected from a group consisting of polysilicon, amorphous silicon and recrystallized silicon.
 - 10. The method according to claim 4, wherein each of said first anisotropic etching process and said second anisotropic etching process is a dry etching process.
- 11. A structure of an Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only15 Memory (EEPROM), comprising:
 - a silicone substrate having a source/drain region;
 - a tunnel oxide layer disposed over said silicone substrate;
 - a select gate disposed over said tunnel oxide layer, wherein said select gate is defined by a conductive layer covered with a first insulated material thereon and comprises a sidewall made of a second insulated material;
 - a floating gate aligned to said select gate;
 - a third insulated material disposed over said tunnel oxide layer, said select gate and said floating gate; and
- a control gate formed on said third insulated material.
 - 12. The structure according to Claim 11, wherein each of said first insulated material, said second insulated material and said third insulated

material is one selected from a group consisting of silicon oxide, silicon nitride and silicon oxide/nitride composite.

- 13. The structure according to claim 11, wherein said conductive layer is one selected from a group consisting of polysilicon, amorphous silicon, recrystallized silicon and polycide.
- 14. The structure according to claim 11, wherein each of said floating gate and said control gate is one selected from a group consisting of polysilicon, amorphous silicon and recrystallized silicon.

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